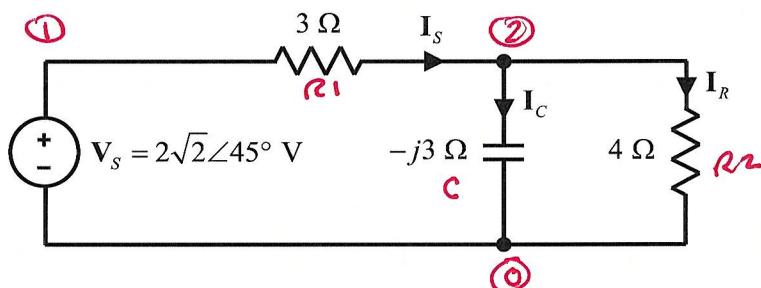


Assume $\omega = 1 \text{ rad/sec}$

EE 3340
Homework Problem #044

For the circuit shown:

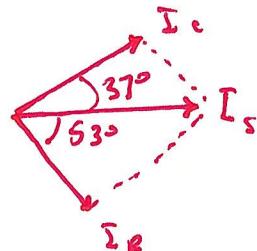


$$\begin{aligned} -\frac{j}{\omega C} &= -j^3 \\ \Rightarrow C &= \frac{1}{3} \text{ F} \end{aligned}$$

- (a) Apply current division to express I_C and I_R in terms of I_s (*Not* in terms of V_s).

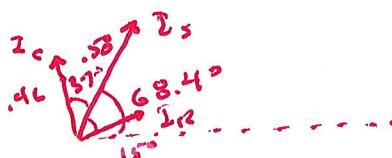
$$\begin{aligned} I_C &= \frac{4}{4-j3} I_s = \frac{4 \angle 0^\circ}{5 \angle -\tan^{-1} \frac{3}{4}} I_s = \frac{4 \angle 0^\circ}{5 \angle -36.87^\circ} I_s \approx .8 \angle 37^\circ I_s \\ I_R &= \frac{-j3}{4-j3} I_s = \frac{3 \angle -90^\circ}{5 \angle -37^\circ} I_s = .6 \angle -53^\circ I_s \end{aligned}$$

- (b) Using I_s as reference, accurately sketch a *relative* phasor diagram showing I_C , I_R , and I_s and verify that the vector sum $I_R + I_C = I_s$ is satisfied.



- (c) Now, fully analyze the circuit to determine I_s and then accurately sketch the *absolute* phasor diagram with I_C , I_R , and I_s drawn according to their true phase angles.

$$\begin{aligned} I_s &= \frac{2\sqrt{2} \angle 45^\circ}{3 + \frac{(-j3)(4)}{4-j3}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2} \angle 45^\circ}{3 + \frac{12 \angle -90^\circ}{5 \angle -37^\circ}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2} \angle 45^\circ}{3 + 2.4 \angle -53^\circ} \\ &= \frac{2\sqrt{2} \angle 45^\circ}{3 + 1.44 - j 1.92} = \frac{2\sqrt{2} \angle 45^\circ}{4.84 \angle -23.4^\circ} = 0.58 \angle 68.4^\circ \end{aligned}$$



Checking with LTspice:
(see next page)

LTspice XVII - [Spring 2022 EE 3340 Homework Problem 044.cir]

File Edit View Simulate Tools Window Help

Spring 2022 EE 3340 Homework Problem 044.cir

```
* Q:\Websites\RES\EE 3340\homework problems\Spring 2022 EE 3340 Homework Problem 044.cir
Vs 1 0 AC {2*sqrt(2)} 45
R1 1 2 3
C 2 0 {1/3}
R2 2 0 4
.AC LIN 1 {1/(2*pi)} {1/(2*pi)}
.end

Ready
```

* Q:\Websites\RES\EE 3340\homework problems\Spring 2022 EE 3340 Homework Problem 044.cir

--- AC Analysis ---

frequency:	0.159155 Hz
V(1):	mag: 2.82843 phase: 45° voltage
V(2):	mag: 1.40329 phase: 15.2551° voltage
I(C):	mag: 0.467764 phase: 105.255° device_current
I(R2):	mag: 0.350823 phase: 15.2551° device_current
I(R1):	mag: 0.584705 phase: 68.3852° device_current
I(Vs):	mag: 0.584705 phase: -111.615° device_current

$I_C \rightarrow$
 $I_R \rightarrow$
 $I_s \rightarrow$